

Higher-Order Computability

5. Exercise Sheet



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Homework

Key to exercises: (P) = programming component (+) = more difficult or open ended.

Exercise H1

Let $F \in C_2$ be defined by $F(\beta) := \beta(0) + \beta(1) + \dots + \beta(\beta(0))$. Describe two different associates α and α' which both represent F .

Exercise H2

Define the limit space $(\mathbb{N}, \rightarrow_0)$ in the usual way by $p_n \rightarrow_0 p$ iff there exists some $N \in \mathbb{N}$ such that $\forall n > N (p_n = p)$.

- (a) Prove that for any limit space (X, \rightarrow_X) we have $\mathcal{C}(\mathbb{N}, X) \cong X^{\mathbb{N}}$.
- (b) Prove that for any $\Phi \in \mathcal{C}(\mathcal{C}(\mathbb{N}, X), \mathbb{N})$ and $\alpha \in \mathcal{C}(\mathbb{N}, X) \cong X^{\mathbb{N}}$ there exists some $n \in \mathbb{N}$ such that for any $\beta \in X^{\mathbb{N}}$:

$$\alpha =_n \beta \Rightarrow \Phi(\alpha) = \Phi(\beta).$$

Exercise H3

Prove that the functional $\theta : ((N \rightarrow \rho) \rightarrow N) \rightarrow (N \rightarrow \rho) \rightarrow \rho^* \rightarrow N$ given by

$$\theta_{\omega, \alpha}(s) := \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } \exists t \preceq s (\omega(\hat{t}) < |t|) \\ 1 + \theta_{\omega, \alpha}(s * \alpha(|s|)) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

is definable using the scheme of Spector bar recursion

$$\text{SBR}_{\rho, N}(\omega, g, h, s^{\rho^*}) =_N \begin{cases} g(s) & \text{if } \omega(\hat{s}) < |s| \\ h(s, \lambda x. \text{SBR}_{\rho, N}(\omega, g, h, s * x)) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

for suitable g and h .

Exercise H4 (P)

Implement bar recursion as a functional program in your favourite language and run it on some simple input parameters.

Exercise H5 (+)

The scheme of finite bar recursion of type ρ, τ is given by the defining equation:

$$\text{FBR}_{\rho, \tau}(g, h, s) =_{\tau} \begin{cases} g(s) & \text{if } n < |s| \\ h(s, \lambda x. \text{FBR}_{\rho, \tau}(g, h, s * x)) & \text{if } n \geq |s| \end{cases}$$

Explore the connection between finite bar recursion and primitive recursion in all finite types.